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of Caibarien during the week. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels and 2 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS.

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

MATANZAS, CUBA, *June 13, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended June 9, 1900:

Matanzas.—Thirteen deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 14.98 per thousand. The principal causes of death were as follows: Enteritis, 2; neoplasia, 2; pneumonia, 1; malaria, 1; nephritis, 1; other causes, 6. The following cases of a particularly infectious or contagious character were reported: Diphtheria, 1; dysentery, 1. Five foreign vessels and 1 coasting vessel arrived during the week. Two of these were inspected and passed and 4 passed without inspection. Six bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. Fifty-four health certificates were issued to persons leaving the island, 8 of these via Havana. Ninety-seven pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 6 pieces were disinfected.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 11 deaths occurred in Cardenas. The principal causes of death were as follows: Heart disease, 2; enteritis, 2; malaria, 1; bronchitis, 1; pneumonia, 1; other causes, 4. No cases of a particularly infectious or contagious character were reported. The rate of mortality for the week was 23.10 per thousand. Seven foreign vessels and 9 coasting vessels arrived during the week. Five bills of health were issued to foreign vessels.

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that the rate of mortality for the week ended June 9, 1900, was 23.49 per thousand. No vessel arrived during the week. One bill of health was issued to a foreign vessel and 6 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Bernardo Escobar reports that 5 deaths occurred in Caibarien during the week, showing a mortality of 7.78 per thousand. The principal causes of death were as follows: Enteritis, 2; pernicious fever, 1; other causes, 2. No cases of a particularly infectious or contagious character were reported. Two foreign and 2 coasting vessels arrived during the week. Two bills of health were issued to foreign vessels and 2 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Nuevitás.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, *June 12, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended June 9, 1900: Six vessels arrived, and 9 bills of health were issued at this port; there were 3 deaths. The sanitary condition is being made better every day. There is no quarantinable disease here and none reported from Puerto Principe, or from any point in the district. Gibara reports 5 arrivals, 6 bills of health issued, and 6 deaths.

There have been no other cases of yellow fever at Holguin. Puerto Padre reports 5 arrivals, 6 bills of health issued, 1 death, and sanitary condition good. Baracoa reports 4 arrivals and 4 bills issued, 7 deaths, number of cases of measles decreasing, and no quarantinable disease.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, Guantnamo, and Daiquiri.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, *June 6, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the sanitary condition of the fourth district of the island of Cuba for the week ended June 2, 1900:

Santiago.—There was a total of 31 deaths for this period, an increase of 8 over the preceding week. The following were the principal causes: Tuberculosis, 3; tetanus, 1; malarial fever, 7; intestinal diseases, 4; pneumonia, 3; heart disease, 3; other causes, 10. Population, 43,000; mortality, 37.48. Thirty nonimmune certificates were issued to passengers bound for the United States on the U. S. army transport *Crook*. Their baggage was treated according to regulations.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports that there were 6 deaths during that period, the principal causes being bronchitis, 1; cholera infantum, 1; enteritis, 1; other causes, 3.

Guantanamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports a total of 15 deaths for the period, the principal causes being enteritis, 3; malarial fever, 2; pneumonia, 2; bronchitis, 2; rickets, 2; other causes, 4. At Playa del Este (entrance to the harbor) on board the schooner *Expres de Gibara* 1 death from hypertrophy of heart.

Daiquiri.—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan J. de Jongh reports nothing of interest. No quarantinable disease has been reported in this district.

Respectfully,

HERMAN B. PARKER,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

Report of treatment of passengers' baggage for the week ended June 2, 1900, port of Santiago de Cuba.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Disinfected and passed—				Inspected and passed—				
		Formalin.		Steam.						
		Boxes.	Trunks.	Bundles.	Valises.	Baskets.	Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Valises.
June 2	U. S. A. T. Crook.....	2	1	10	4	1	4	2	18	16